

CHAPTER -1 DEVELOPMENT

Economics

Chapter-1

Development

Ques1. Why do different persons have different notions of development. Explain.

Ans1. 1) It is because the life situations of persons are different.

2) People seek things that are most important for them or that which can fulfill their aspirations or desires.

For Example :- The development goals of a boy from a such urban family would be to get admission in a reputed college, whereas the developmental goals of a ^{girl from} such urban family would be to get as much freedom as her brother.

Ques2. "Conflicting goals can be developmental goals." Elaborate with examples.

Ans2. 1) At times, two persons or group of persons may seek things which are conflicting.

2) A girl expects as much freedom and opportunity as her ^{brother} and that he also shares in the household works. Her brother may not like this.

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3) Similarly, to get more electricity, industrialists may want more dams. But this may submerge the land and disrupt the lives of people, who are displaced, such as the tribals.

Ques.3 What is development? What are the 2 aspects of development?

Ans.3 Development is a situation that can fulfill the aspirations or desires of people. It is the progress or improvement in the lifestyles of the people.

Two aspects of development are :-

- a) Different persons can have different developmental goals.
- b) What may be development for one, may not be development for the other.

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Q. Why do we use averages? Are there any limitations to their use? Illustrate with your own examples related to development.

- Ans. 1) Usually for comparing two countries their total income is considered. But comparing two countries on the basis of their total income is not very useful. This is because different countries have different populations.
- 2) Average income or per capita income is the total income of the country divided by its population. While averages are useful for comparison, they also hide disparities.

3) For Example:-

Table 1.2 on page 9.

Copy table in notebook and Explain in 3-4 lines.

Ques. 5. Describe the main criterion used by the World Bank in classifying different countries? What are the limitations of this criterion?

- Ans. 5. 1) The main criterion used by the World Bank in classifying different countries is 'INCOME'.
- 2) The countries having higher income are said to be more developed than the countries having lower income.
- 3) In World Development Reports, brought out by the World Bank, countries with per capita income of US\$12236 per annum and above

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- in the year 2016 are called such countries.
- 4) Countries with per capita income of US \$ 1005 or less are called low-income countries.
- 5) India comes in the category of low middle income countries because its per capita income in 2016 was just US \$ 1840 per annum.

But income criterion has certain limitations.

- i) Besides seeking more income people seek things like equal treatment, freedom, security and respect of others.
- ii) Income criteria doesn't tell anything about the distribution of income.

Ques. 6 Define the following terms :-

(i) Infant Mortality Rate

(ii) Literacy Rate

(iii) Net attendance Ratio

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Below Table 1.4

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Ques. 7 What do you understand by sustainability of development? What can be done to make development sustainable?

- Ans.
- 1) Sustainability of development means economic development without any damage to the environment.
 - 2) Since the second half of the 20th century, a number of scientists have been warning that the present type and levels of development is not sustainable.
 - 3) To make development sustainable, non-renewable sources of energy are to be saved for the future generation.
 - 4) The development of the country would continue but the technology has to be made eco-friendly, so that they may not harm the environment.

Ques. 8. what is BMI? How it is calculated?

- Ans.
- 1) Body Mass Index (BMI) is used to find out how healthy is the person.
 - 2) To calculate BMI height of the person in metres is taken and weight is taken in Kilograms (kg).
 - 3) Divide the weight by square of the height.

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- 4) If $BMI < 18.5$ then the person is considered undernourished. If $BMI > 25$ the person is considered overweight.
- 5) This criterion is not applicable to growing children.

ques 8 What do you mean by public facilities? How the government is able to provide public facilities?

Ans 9 1) Public facilities are services provided by the government to its citizens. Some of the important public facilities are sanitation, public transport, health care etc. These facilities are provided to the community and not just one person.

2) The government collects certain taxes to finance public facilities.

ques 10 why public facilities are needed for the development of the country?

Ans 10 Public facilities are those facilities which are not possible for any individual to access at economic cost. So, government provides such facilities to the public to ensure quality of life and for

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Development of the country.

Major public facilities which are provided by the government are :-

- i) Basic Education → government set up schools even in the remote areas. Many times government provides education at very less cost or even free. This helps in increasing the literacy rate of the country.
- ii) Basic Health Facilities → government provides hospitals, vaccine programmes to maintain basic quality of life.
- iii) Law and Order Facility/Security → government provides police outposts, police stations for maintaining security of the public and it also protects the interest of its citizens.
- iv) Public Distribution System → Government open PDS shops or ration shops through which basic food items like rice, wheat, pulses etc are distributed at subsidized rate to the lower income or poor people.

Ques. II what is the difference between the development criterion of World Bank and UNDP?

Ans. II.

World Bank

- i) Per Capita Income is the base for comparison.

UNDP

Education, health and Per Capita income are taken as base.

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i) It is the narrow concept of development, because it doesn't give clear view of development.

It is the broader concept of Development and gives clear picture regarding development of the country.

ii) Countries are ranked as - rich, middle income and poor.

Countries are given ranking, which is called HDI (Human Development Index).

Ques.12 "Punjab has higher per capita income than Kerala but Kerala has a better human development index." Why?

Ans.12 i) It shows that money or higher income alone cannot bring development.

ii) Kerala has a better human development ranking, as Kerala has adequate provision of basic health facilities.

iii) PDS (Public Distribution System) is working well in Kerala.